

# Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, and Overcoat Manufacturing: 2002

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## 2002 Economic Census

*Manufacturing*

Industry Series



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U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economics and Statistics Administration  
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-- Not applicable for this report.

# Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	All estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315222, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing ...	2002...	214	10 614	266 854	8 060	15 199	156 800	627 141	414 715	1 065 003	'6 881
	2001...	N	14 637	324 216	11 691	23 476	213 893	849 105	581 284	1 459 214	53 070
	2000...	N	17 220	373 314	14 046	28 139	256 004	1 003 995	774 805	1 842 301	20 036
	1999...	N	19 550	415 344	16 138	31 949	292 565	1 190 066	759 056	1 870 408	15 526
	1998...	N	21 200	438 054	17 065	33 041	308 509	1 021 029	925 022	1 932 319	16 505
	1997...	193	21 948	460 838	17 750	33 325	321 771	1 110 598	1 020 622	2 082 863	16 227

<sup>1</sup>Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

<sup>2</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>3</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>4</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002**

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area	E <sup>1</sup>	All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
		Total	With 20 employees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315222, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing												
United States .....	4	214	74	10 614	266 854	8 060	15 199	156 800	627 141	414 715	1 065 003	'6 881
California .....	2	29	6	453	10 534	343	638	6 024	24 073	19 676	44 132	'230
Georgia .....	—	9	4	293	8 331	148	245	2 349	26 563	23 272	49 384	'161
Maryland .....	8	6	4	422	9 117	345	666	6 689	27 446	30 165	57 487	'520
Massachusetts .....	6	7	6	1 245	30 563	1 051	1 882	21 668	58 735	48 635	108 668	'561
New York .....	4	51	15	2 174	63 304	1 618	3 088	35 013	178 823	96 162	279 272	'1 746
Pennsylvania .....	—	14	6	969	24 655	634	1 160	11 064	36 080	50 883	86 181	'597
Tennessee .....	—	4	3	638	12 781	540	936	8 005	16 739	9 979	26 834	'381

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1—10 to 19 percent; 2—20 to 29 percent; 3—30 to 39 percent; 4—40 to 49 percent; 5—50 to 59 percent; 6—60 to 69 percent; 7—70 to 79 percent; 8—80 to 89 percent; 9—90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
315222, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing	
Companies <sup>1</sup> .....	number.. 200
All establishments <sup>2</sup> .....	number.. 214
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees .....	number.. 140
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees .....	number.. 44
Establishments with 100 employees or more .....	number.. 30
All employees <sup>3</sup> .....	number.. 10 614
Total compensation .....	\$1,000.. 331 423
Annual payroll .....	\$1,000.. 266 854
Total fringe benefits .....	\$1,000.. 64 569
Production workers, average for year .....	number.. 8 060
Production workers on March 12 .....	number.. 8 180
Production workers on May 12 .....	number.. 8 250
Production workers on August 12 .....	number.. 8 091
Production workers on November 12 .....	number.. 7 710
Production worker hours .....	1,000.. 15 199
Production worker wages .....	\$1,000.. 156 800
Total cost of materials .....	\$1,000.. 414 715
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used .....	\$1,000.. 235 406
Resales .....	\$1,000.. 78 793
Purchased fuels .....	\$1,000.. 2 648
Purchased electricity .....	\$1,000.. 5 494
Contract work .....	\$1,000.. 92 374
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. 74 251
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. 3 445
Total value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 1 065 003
Primary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 819 997
Secondary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 120 933
Total miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. 124 073
Value of resales .....	\$1,000.. 117 165
Contract receipts .....	\$1,000.. D
Other miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. D
Primary products specialization ratio .....	percent.. 87
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries .....	\$1,000.. 863 270
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry .....	\$1,000.. 819 997
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries .....	\$1,000.. 43 273
Coverage ratio .....	percent.. 95
Value added .....	\$1,000.. 627 141
Total inventories, beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. 267 250
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 165 569
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 29 883
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 71 798
Total inventories, end of year .....	\$1,000.. 239 766
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 141 917
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 30 388
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 67 461
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. '211 518
Total capital expenditures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '6 881
Buildings and other structures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '1 092
Machinery and equipment (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '5 789
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use .....	\$1,000.. '499
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment .....	\$1,000.. '1 212
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. '4 078
Total retirements .....	\$1,000.. '5 064
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year .....	\$1,000.. '213 335
Depreciation charges during year .....	\$1,000.. '10 657
Total rental payments .....	\$1,000.. 15 948
Buildings and other structures .....	\$1,000.. 11 667
Machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. 4 281
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 50 986
Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> .....	percent.. 51
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 654
Communications services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 199
Legal services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 321
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 732
Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 5 848
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 772
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 278
Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 756
Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 6 916
All other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 30 510

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002—Con.**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
3152221, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing - manufacturer	
Companies <sup>1</sup> .....number..	N
All establishments <sup>2</sup> .....number..	203
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees.....number..	133
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees.....number..	40
Establishments with 100 employees or more.....number..	30
All employees <sup>3</sup> .....number..	10 377
Total compensation.....\$1,000..	321 968
Annual payroll.....\$1,000..	258 977
Total fringe benefits.....\$1,000..	62 991
Production workers, average for year.....number..	7 917
Production workers on March 12.....number..	8 039
Production workers on May 12.....number..	8 101
Production workers on August 12.....number..	7 957
Production workers on November 12.....number..	7 563
Production worker hours.....1,000..	14 891
Production worker wages.....\$1,000..	152 997
Total cost of materials.....\$1,000..	391 450
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used.....\$1,000..	226 027
Resales.....\$1,000..	D
Purchased fuels.....\$1,000..	D
Purchased electricity.....\$1,000..	5 380
Contract work.....\$1,000..	81 127
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power.....1,000 kWh..	72 572
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power.....1,000 kWh..	3 445
Total value of shipments.....\$1,000..	1 022 600
Primary products value of shipments.....\$1,000..	X
Secondary products value of shipments.....\$1,000..	X
Total miscellaneous receipts.....\$1,000..	X
Value of resales.....\$1,000..	X
Contract receipts.....\$1,000..	D
Other miscellaneous receipts.....\$1,000..	X
Primary products specialization ratio.....percent..	X
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries.....\$1,000..	X
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry.....\$1,000..	X
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries.....\$1,000..	X
Coverage ratio.....percent..	X
Value added.....\$1,000..	607 861
Total inventories, beginning of year.....\$1,000..	257 634
Finished goods inventories.....\$1,000..	158 868
Work-in-process inventories.....\$1,000..	29 080
Materials and supplies inventories.....\$1,000..	69 686
Total inventories, end of year.....\$1,000..	229 995
Finished goods inventories.....\$1,000..	135 070
Work-in-process inventories.....\$1,000..	29 589
Materials and supplies inventories.....\$1,000..	65 336
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year.....\$1,000..	X
Total capital expenditures (new and used).....\$1,000..	X
Buildings and other structures (new and used).....\$1,000..	X
Machinery and equipment (new and used).....\$1,000..	X
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use.....\$1,000..	X
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment.....\$1,000..	X
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment.....\$1,000..	X
Total retirements.....\$1,000..	X
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year.....\$1,000..	X
Depreciation charges during year.....\$1,000..	X
Total rental payments.....\$1,000..	X
Buildings and other structures.....\$1,000..	X
Machinery and equipment.....\$1,000..	X
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> .....percent..	X
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Communications services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Legal services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X
All other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....\$1,000..	X

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002—Con.**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
3152222, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing - jobber	
Companies <sup>1</sup> .....	number.. N
All establishments <sup>2</sup> .....	number.. 11
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees .....	number.. 7
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees .....	number.. 4
Establishments with 100 employees or more .....	number.. -
All employees <sup>3</sup> .....	number.. 237
Total compensation .....	\$1,000.. 9 455
Annual payroll .....	\$1,000.. 7 877
Total fringe benefits .....	\$1,000.. 1 578
Production workers, average for year .....	number.. 143
Production workers on March 12 .....	number.. 141
Production workers on May 12 .....	number.. 149
Production workers on August 12 .....	number.. 134
Production workers on November 12 .....	number.. 147
Production worker hours .....	1,000.. 308
Production worker wages .....	\$1,000.. 3 803
Total cost of materials .....	\$1,000.. 23 265
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used .....	\$1,000.. 9 379
Resales .....	\$1,000.. D
Purchased fuels .....	\$1,000.. D
Purchased electricity .....	\$1,000.. 114
Contract work .....	\$1,000.. 11 247
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. 1 679
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. -
Total value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 42 403
Primary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. X
Secondary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. X
Total miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. D
Value of resales .....	\$1,000.. D
Contract receipts .....	\$1,000.. X
Other miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. D
Primary products specialization ratio .....	percent.. X
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries .....	\$1,000.. X
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry .....	\$1,000.. X
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries .....	\$1,000.. X
Coverage ratio .....	percent.. X
Value added .....	\$1,000.. 19 280
Total inventories, beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. 9 616
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 6 701
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 803
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 2 112
Total inventories, end of year .....	\$1,000.. 9 771
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 6 847
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 799
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 2 125
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. X
Total capital expenditures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. X
Buildings and other structures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. X
Machinery and equipment (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. X
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use .....	\$1,000.. D
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment .....	\$1,000.. X
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. X
Total retirements .....	\$1,000.. X
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year .....	\$1,000.. X
Depreciation charges during year .....	\$1,000.. X
Total rental payments .....	\$1,000.. X
Buildings and other structures .....	\$1,000.. X
Machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. D
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> .....	percent.. X
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Communications services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Legal services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X
All other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. X

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.

<sup>5</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class	E <sup>1</sup>	All establishments <sup>2</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315222, Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing											
All establishments .....	4	214	10 614	266 854	8 060	15 199	156 800	627 141	414 715	1 065 003	'6 881
Establishments with—											
1 to 4 employees .....	6	85	c	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
5 to 9 employees .....	1	32	224	6 888	160	315	4 012	33 213	19 445	54 937	'291
10 to 19 employees .....	1	23	322	8 243	239	474	4 943	20 265	11 425	30 362	'267
20 to 49 employees .....	4	29	887	21 464	618	1 184	11 950	52 372	55 233	106 823	'1 003
50 to 99 employees .....	2	15	964	22 602	759	1 518	14 372	69 630	43 185	111 887	'688
100 to 249 employees .....	3	18	2 566	60 278	2 116	3 927	40 197	117 443	140 759	265 516	'1 259
250 to 499 employees .....	4	8	2 937	64 846	2 467	4 426	45 931	148 339	50 745	211 327	'1 417
500 to 999 employees .....	6	4	h	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
1,000 to 2,499 employees .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500 employees or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Administrative records <sup>4</sup> .....	9	63	142	3 584	104	183	2 030	9 233	4 611	13 845	'84

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.



**Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All establishments <sup>1</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
315222	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing ...	214	10 614	266 854	8 060	15 199	156 800	627 141	414 715	1 065 003	'6 881
3152222	Men's and boys' tailored suits, including dress uniforms (firefighter, military, police, etc.) ...	80	6 286	164 192	4 657	9 079	94 897	380 999	211 743	605 323	'4 123
3152224	Men's and boys' tailored overcoats, topcoats, and car and suburban coats (including water-repellent) ...	12	887	22 039	678	1 336	13 114	69 717	48 794	118 299	'1 052
3152226	Men's and boys' tailored dress and sport coats and vests .....	21	2 974	69 771	2 368	4 156	42 077	151 947	139 788	302 676	'1 495

<sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6a. **Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product code	Product	Number of companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Product shipments	
				Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
315222	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	863 270 1 895 567
3152222	Men's and boys' tailored suits, including dress uniforms (firefighter, military, police, etc.) .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	439 727 N
31522221	Men's and boys' tailored suits, including dress uniforms (firefighter, military, police, etc.) .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	439 727 N
3152222100	Men's and boys' tailored suits, including dress uniforms (firefighter, military, police, etc.) <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 105 1997.. N	X X	X X	439 727 N
3152224	Men's and boys' tailored overcoats, topcoats, and car and suburban coats (including water-repellent) .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	96 937 N
31522241	Men's and boys' tailored overcoats, topcoats, and car and suburban coats (including water-repellent) .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	96 937 N
3152224100	Men's and boys' tailored overcoats, topcoats, and car and suburban coats (including water-repellent) <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 18 1997.. N	X X	X X	96 937 N
3152226	Men's and boys' tailored dress and sport coats and vests .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	292 718 N
31522261	Men's and boys' tailored dress and sport coats and vests .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	292 718 N
3152226100	Men's and boys' tailored dress and sport coats and vests <sup>1</sup> .....	2002.. 42 1997.. N	X X	X X	292 718 N
315222W	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing, nsk, total .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	33 888 62 273
315222WY	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing, nsk, total .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	33 888 62 273
315222WYWW	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	20 955 46 788
315222WYWY	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing, nsk, for administrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	12 933 15 485

<sup>1</sup>For additional detail, see Current Industrial Report MQ315A, Apparel.

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997**

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

NAICS product class code	Product class and geographic area	Value of product shipments (\$1,000)
3152222	Men's and boys' tailored suits, including dress uniforms (firefighter, military, police, etc.)	
	United States..... 2002..	439 727
	..... 1997..	N
	California..... 2002..	21 198
	..... 1997..	N
	Georgia..... 2002..	19 966
	..... 1997..	N
	Maryland..... 2002..	40 665
	..... 1997..	N
	Massachusetts..... 2002..	21 029
	..... 1997..	N
	New York..... 2002..	128 562
	..... 1997..	N
	Pennsylvania..... 2002..	14 073
	..... 1997..	N
	Tennessee..... 2002..	11 250
	..... 1997..	N
3152224	Men's and boys' tailored overcoats, topcoats, and car and suburban coats (including water-repellent)	
	United States..... 2002..	96 937
	..... 1997..	N
	Massachusetts..... 2002..	30 770
	..... 1997..	N
	New York..... 2002..	10 399
	..... 1997..	N
3152226	Men's and boys' tailored dress and sport coats and vests	
	United States..... 2002..	292 718
	..... 1997..	N
	California..... 2002..	7 429
	..... 1997..	N
	Maryland..... 2002..	6 767
	..... 1997..	N
	Massachusetts..... 2002..	35 976
	..... 1997..	N
	New York..... 2002..	72 378
	..... 1997..	N
	Pennsylvania..... 2002..	19 685
	..... 1997..	N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

**Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
315222	Men's and boys' cut and sew suit, coat, and overcoat manufacturing		
0090001	Total materials .....2002..	X	235 406
	.....1997..	X	777 249
31321023	Broadwoven fabrics (piece goods) .....2002..	X	146 448
	.....1997..	X	504 438
31322103	Narrow fabrics (12 inches or less in width) .....2002..	X	3 463
	.....1997..	X	40 815
31324000	Knit fabrics .....2002..	X	7 807
	.....1997..	X	6 468
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated) .....2002..	X	1 156
	.....1997..	X	N
31311003	Yarn, all fibers .....2002..	X	68
	.....1997..	X	6 836
31611001	Finished leather .....2002..	X	397
	.....1997..	X	N
33999301	Buttons, zippers, and slide fasteners .....2002..	X	8 920
	.....1997..	X	37 690
00190067	Trim and findings (linings, fusibles, elastic, waistbanding, pockets, etc.) .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	N
32513003	Dyes, lakes, and toners .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	N
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies .....2002..	X	13 874
	.....1997..	X	75 468
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk .....2002..	X	22 915
	.....1997..	X	105 534

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.